Expanded details on the table in document FCCC/SBI/2021/INF.7

## Measures undertaken in developing country Parties in the process to formulate and implement national adaptation plans as at 14 October 2021

Flements	Number of developing	Measures	Parties
A. Laying the groundwork and addressing gaps		Initiating and/or launching the process	LDCs: Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Myanman Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Yemen, Zambia
			Other developing countries: Albania, Algeria, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belize, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Congo, Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Cote D'Ivoire, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eswatini, Fiji, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Indonesia, Irar (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Macedonia, Maldives, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Nauru, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Palestine, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Moldova, Sain Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Serbia, Seychelles, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Tonga, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Zimbabwe
	101 (36) <sup>b</sup>	Submitting proposals to the GCF Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme	LDCs: Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia

	Number of developing		
Elements	countries <sup>a</sup>	Measures	Parties
			Other developing countries: Albania, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belize (two proposals), Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cameroon, Chile (three proposals), Colombia, Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eswatini, Fiji, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Honduras, Indonesia, Iraq, Jamaica, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Maldives, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Nauru, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Palestine, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Republic of Moldova (two proposals), Saint Lucia, Serbia, Seychelles, Sri Lanka, Syrian Arab Republic, Tajikistan, Thailand, Tonga, Tunisia (two proposals), Turkmenistan, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Zimbabwe
	68 (25)	Receiving approval from the GCF Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme	LDCs: Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Chad, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ethiopia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritania, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Somalia, Sudan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia
			Other developing countries: Albania, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belize, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Eswatini, Gabon, Ghana, Guatemala, Honduras, Iraq, Jamaica, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Nigeria, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Republic of Moldova (two proposals), Serbia, Sri Lanka, Tajikistan, Thailand, Tonga, Tunisia (two proposals), Turkmenistan, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zimbabwe
	61 (21)	Receiving disbursement from GCF Readiness and Preparatory Support Programme	<i>LDCs:</i> Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Chad, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ethiopia, Guinea, Haiti, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritania, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Somalia, Sudan, Zambia
			Other developing countries: Albania, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belize, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Eswatini, Gabon, Ghana, Guatemala, Honduras, Iraq, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Nigeria, Pakistan, Papua New

	Number of developing			
Elements	countries <sup>a</sup>	Measures	Parties	
			Guinea, Peru, Republic of Moldova (two proposals), Serbia, Sri Lanka, Tajikistan, Thailand, Tonga, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zimbabwe	
	18 (7)	Formulating a mandate for the process	<i>LDCs:</i> Benin, Bhutan, DRC, Myanmar, Timor-Leste, Sudan, Togo	
			Other developing countries: Armenia, Argentina, Chile, Colombia, Côte d'Ivoire, Fiji, Grenada, Pakistan, Paraguay, Sain Lucia, The Philippines	
	51 (22)	Defining institutional arrangements and a coordination mechanism to support the process	LDCs: Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Ethiopia, Haiti, Guinea, Kiribati, Lao PDR, Liberia, Nepal, Niger, Mali, Sierra Leone, Sudan, The Gambia, Timor-Leste, Togo, Uganda, Vanuatu, Zambia	
			Other developing countries: Argentina, Armenia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, CDI, Colombia, Ecuador, Fiji, Grenada, Guatemala, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Maldives, Nigeria, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, St. Lucia, St Vincent and the Grenadines, South Africa, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Suriname, Uruguay, Vietnam	
	57 (28)	Consulting stakeholders for input and validation	LDCs: Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Central African Republic, Comoros, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Senegal, Sierra Leone, South Sudan, Sudan, The Gambia, Timor-Leste, Togo, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia	
			Other developing countries: Albania, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Colombia, Ecuador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Maldives, Pakistan, Republic of Moldova, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Thailand, Zimbabwe	
	70 (37)	Synthesizing available adaptation information, stocktaking relevant activities, and assessing gaps and needs as input to the process	LDCs: Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea-Bissau, Kiribati, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal,	

	Number of developing	
Elements	countries <sup>a</sup> Measures	Parties
		Niger, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, The Gambia, Timor-Leste, Togo, Yemen, Zambia
		Other developing countries: Albania, Argentina, Armenia, Belize, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Equatorial Guinea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Fiji, Grenada, Guyana, Indonesia, Jordan, Kenya, Maldives, Namibia, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Republic of Moldova, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, South Africa, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Suriname, Uruguay, Serbia
	21 (17) <sup>c</sup> Developing a road map for the process	<i>LDCs:</i> Angola, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Eritrea, Kiribati, Lao PDR, Lesotho, Madagascar, Mozambique, Myanmar, Niger, Senegal, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia
		Other developing countries: Argentina, Cook Islands, Congo, Maldives
	37 (20) Publishing the road map for the process	<i>LDCs:</i> Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Comoros, Ethiopia, Kiribati, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Nepal, Niger, South Sudan, Sudan, The Gambia, Togo, Timor-Leste
		Other developing countries: Armenia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Congo, Fiji, Grenada, Guatemala, Kenya, Paraguay, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Suriname, Uruguay
B. Preparatory Elements	47 (21) Analysing past climate and climate change scenarios	<i>LDCs:</i> Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Comoros, Ethiopia, Kiribati, Lao PDR, Lesotho, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Senegal, Sudan, Togo
		Other developing countries: Albania, Argentina, Armenia, Brazil, Cameroon, China, Chile, Colombia, Fiji, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea-Conakry, Kenya, Mauritania, Mauritius, Paraguay, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Suriname, Thailand, Togo, Uruguay, Viet Nam

	Number of developing			
Elements	countries <sup>a</sup>	Measures	Parties	
	29 (16)	Comprehensively assessing climate vulnerability	LDCs: Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Gambia, Haiti, Kiribati, Lao PDR, Liberia, Madagascar, Nepal, Rwanda, Sudan, Senegal, Togo	
			Other developing countries: Argentina, Armenia, Brazil, Chile, Grenada, Guatemala, Jordan, Paraguay, Saint Lucia, St Vincent and the Grenadines, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Serbia	
	49 (25)	Undertaking activities on integrating adaptation into national and subnational development planning $^d$	<i>LDCs:</i> Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Chad, Comoros, DRC, Ethiopia, Gambia, Kiribati, Lao PDR, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mali, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Zambia	
			Other developing countries: Argentina, Armenia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, China, Colombia, Fiji, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Jordan, Kenya, Morocco, Namibia, Philippines, Saint Lucia, South Africa, Thailand, Uruguay, Vietnam	
	29 (10)	Identifying adaptation options to address key vulnerabilities	<i>LDCs:</i> Afghanistan, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Ethiopia, The Gambia, Sudan, Togo, Kiribati, Timor-Leste	
			Other developing countries: Armenia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Fiji, Guatemala, Grenada, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Paraguay, Saint Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Suriname, Uruguay, Kuwait, South Africa	
	29 (11)	Appraising, prioritizing, and ranking adaptation options	<i>LDCs:</i> Afghanistan, Benin, Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Gambia, Haiti, Kiribati, Liberia, Sudan, Togo, Cambodia, Timor-Leste	
			Other developing countries: Armenia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Fiji, Grenada, Guatemala, Kenya, Paraguay, Saint Lucia, S Vincent and the Grenadines, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Suriname, Uruguay, South Africa, Kuwait	
	17 (13) <sup>e</sup>	Compiling draft NAPs for consultation and endorsement	<i>LDCs:</i> Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Benin, Burundi, Central African Republic, Democratic Republic of Congo, Haiti, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Nepal, Sierra Leone, South Sudan	
			Other developing countries: Guyana, Honduras, Israel, Republic of Moldova	

	Number of developing		
Elements	countries <sup>a</sup>		Parties
	26 (7)	Publishing NAPs and submitting them to NAP Central	<i>LDCs:</i> Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Ethiopia, Kiribati, Sudan, Togo, Timor-Leste
			Other developing countries: Armenia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Fiji, Grenada, Guatemala, Kenya, Kuwait, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Suriname, State of Palestine, Uruguay
C. Implementation strategies	30 (11)	Prioritizing climate change adaptation in national planning	<i>LDCs:</i> Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Gambia, Lao PDR, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Sudan, Togo, Cambodia, Timor-Leste
			Other developing countries: Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Fiji, Grenada, Guatemala, Jordan, Paraguay, The Philippines, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Uruguay, South Africa, Kuwait, Armenia
	26 (7)	Designing coherent implementation strategies comprising policies, projects, and programmes, taking into account synergies, and ensuring alignment with the GCF country programme	<i>LDCs:</i> Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Ethiopia, Kiribati, Sudan, Timor-Leste, Togo
			Other developing countries: Armenia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Fiji, Grenada, Guatemala, Kenya, Kuwait, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Suriname, State of Palestine, Uruguay
	13 (6)	Implementing and managing actions in NAPs to reduce vulnerability and to facilitate the integration of adaptation into development planning through policies, projects, programmes and other activities <sup>f</sup>	<i>LDCs:</i> Burkina Faso, Sudan, Cambodia, Kiribati, Ethiopia, Timor-Leste
			Other developing countries: Colombia, Guatemala, Kenya, State of Palestine, South Africa, Brazil, Peru
D. Reporting, monitoring and review	22 (7)	Designing and applying a monitoring and evaluation framework or system for NAPs	<i>LDCs:</i> Angola, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Kiribati, Mozambique, Nepal, Sudan
			Other developing countries: Brazil, Chile, China, Congo, Colombia, Grenada, Guatemala, Kenya, Paraguay, Philippines, Saint Lucia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Uruguay
	69 (25)	Communicating progress on NAPs	<i>LDCs:</i> Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Democratic Republic of Congo, Gambia, Liberia,

	Number of developing	
Elements	countries <sup>a</sup> Measures	Parties
		Madagascar, Mauritania, Myanmar, Nepal, Zambia, Ethiopia, Guinea, LAO PDR, Mali, Malawi, Sudan, Solomon Islands, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sao Tome and Principe, United Republic of Tanzania
		Other developing countries: Andorra, Argentina, Armenia, Barbados, Botswana, Brazil, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Fiji, Georgia, Grenada, Honduras, Israel, Marshall Islands, Mongolia, Republic of Moldova, Sri Lanka, State of Palestine, Suriname, Thailand, Viet Nam, Kenya, Lebanon, Saint Lucia, Maldives, Mexico, Montenegro, Macedonia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Panama, PNG, Paraguay, Vanuatu, Uruguay
	11 (3) Monitoring and periodically reviewing the process	LDCs: Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Sudan
		Other developing countries: Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Guatemala, Grenada, Paraguay, Republic of Moldova, Uruguay
	12 (3) Iterative updating of NAPs	LDCs: Burkina Faso, Ethiopia, Sudan
		Other developing countries: Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Grenada, Guatemala, Kenya, Republic of Moldova, Sri Lanka, Uruguay

*Note*: This table provides an update to table 1 in document FCCC/SBI/2020/INF.13. A list of the Parties that have undertaken these measures is available at <a href="http://unfccc.int/9295">http://unfccc.int/9295</a>. The total number of developing countries is 154.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Figures in parentheses indicate the number of LDCs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Other countries have received either partial or full support from bilateral and other sources for the formulation of their NAPs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Countries that have completed the road map were removed, which resulted in a decrease compared with the number listed in the previous report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Activities considered were those reported and cited by countries that were undertaken within the context of the process to formulate and implement NAPs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Countries that have published their NAPs and submitted them to NAP Central were removed, which resulted in a decrease compared with the number listed in the previous report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>f</sup> Activities considered in this measure pertain to policies, projects and programmes identified in the NAPs.